

Illinois Vehicle Tax Information Guide



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Table of Contents

Introduction	5
Glossary of Terms	7
Form RUT-50, Vehicle Use Tax Transaction Return	
Sample RUT-50	9
RUT-50 Key Points	10
RUT-50 Helpful Hints	11
RUT-50 Vehicle Use Tax Chart	12
RUT-50 Common Questions	13
RUT-50 Common Errors	14
Form RUT-25, Use Tax Transaction Return	
Sample RUT-25	15
RUT-25 Key Points	
RUT-25 Helpful Hints	
RUT-25 Common Questions	
RUT-25 Common Errors	
Form ST-556, Sales Tax Transaction Return	
Sample ST-556	23
ST-556 Key Points	
ST-556 Helpful Hints	26
ST-556 Leasing and Trade-ins	
ST-556 Taxable Items	
ST-556 Common Questions	31
ST-556 Common Errors	32
Forms	33
Help and Resources	34

Introduction

The Illinois Department of Revenue is pleased to provide you with this reference guide about Illinois vehicle taxes. The information in this guide has been compiled to help you understand and comply with vehicle tax requirements. This guide does not take the place of statutes, rules and regulations, or court decisions.

In this publication, "vehicle tax" refers to the sales and use taxes that apply to the sale and purchase of motor vehicles required to be titled and/or registered by an Illinois government agency. When application for title and/or registration is made, one of the three tax forms listed below **must** be submitted.

- RUT-50, Vehicle Use Tax Transaction Return
- RUT-25, Use Tax Transaction Return
- ST-556, Sales Tax Transaction Return

The Illinois Department of Revenue is responsible for administering tax. Listed below are the Illinois government agencies responsible for the processing of applications for motor vehicles to be titled and/or registered.

- Office of the Secretary of State (car, truck, van, motorcycle, trailer, mobile home, ATV)
- Illinois Department of Natural Resources (watercraft and snowmobile)
- Illinois Department of Transportation (aircraft)

Also included in this guide is information regarding ordering forms, informational bulletins and publications, and where to get help.

Glossary of Terms

Note: The following terms are defined as they apply in the context of this guide. These definitions do not replace definitions in the Illinois Compiled Statutes or the Illinois Administrative Code.

Aircraft Includes airplanes, helicopters, hot-air balloons, ultra lights, gliders, blimps,

dirigibles, seaplanes, and anything else defined as "aircraft" by the Federal

Aviation Administration.

ATV All-terrain vehicle

Collar counties Refers to Du Page, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties.

Date of delivery For Form ST-556, the date the buyer took possession of the motor vehicle.

Exempt organization Refers to an organization with an active Illinois sales tax exemption (E) identifica-

tion number issued by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

Fair market value The value assigned to a motor vehicle as determined by the department. In

determining the fair market value, the department considers such factors as the

year, make, model, and vehicle identification number.

Leasing The transfer of possession or right to possession of a motor vehicle to a person for

a valuable consideration. For automobiles, the lease must be for a period of more

than one year.

Lessee The party that takes temporary possession of the motor vehicle leased.

Lessor A business engaged in the leasing of motor vehicles.

Licensed dealer A person or business that is registered in Illinois to sell motor vehicles at retail.

Motor vehicle In this reference guide, "motor vehicle" is used to describe various items of

tangible personal property that normally are required to be titled and/or registered in Illinois by an Illinois government agency. "Motor vehicle" includes cars, trucks, vans, motorcycles, ATVs, buses, snowmobiles, watercraft, aircraft, motor

homes, trailers, and mobile homes.

Note: For **Form RUT-50**, Vehicle Use Tax Transaction Return, "motor vehicle" does **not** include snowmobiles, watercraft, aircraft, trailers, or mobile

omoc

Net insurance The amount given by an insurance company for the replacement of a passenger

settlement amount car of their insured person.

Off-site sales The sales of motor vehicles made by a dealer at a temporary location other than

the normal place of business.

Passenger car The Illinois Vehicle Code defines a passenger car as a motor vehicle of the First

Division, including a multi-purpose passenger vehicle that is designed for

carrying not more than 10 persons.

Glossary of Terms

Note: The following terms are defined as they apply in the context of this guide. These definitions do not replace definitions in the Illinois Compiled Statutes or the Illinois Administrative Code.

Penalty and interest

You will owe a

- late-filing penalty if you do not file a processable return by the due date or you file a return that we cannot process and you do not correct it within 30 days of the date we notify you;
- late-payment penalty if you do not pay the tax you owe by the original due date of the return;
- bad check penalty if you send a remittance to the department on or after January 1, 2001, that is not honored by your financial institution.

Interest is calculated on tax from the original due date of the return through the date the tax is paid. Interest is simple interest figured using a daily rate.

Note: See Publication 103, Uniform Penalties and Interest, for more information about penalties and interest. (See Page 34 for ordering information.)

Private party

A person or business that is **not** in the business of selling motor vehicles at retail in Illinois and who is not required to be registered. This does **not** include out-of-state dealers.

Renting

The transfer of possession or right to possession of a motor vehicle subject to the provisions of the Automobile Renting Occupation and Use Tax Act to a person for a valuable consideration for a period of one year or less.

Retailer

In general, a retailer includes a business or person that is in the business of selling tangible personal property for use or consumption. For purposes of this reference guide, retailers are licensed dealers or others who purchase tangible personal property with the intent to sell at retail.

Trade-in, qualified

A qualified trade-in is a motor vehicle that

- is accepted to reduce the selling price (in part or full) of the motor vehicle being sold; and
- if sold at retail, would be required to be reported on Form ST-556 or Form RUT-25; and
- that a dealer is in the business of selling.

Note: You are "in the business of selling" a particular kind of item if you hold yourself out to the public as being engaged in (or habitually engage in) selling such items.

Watercraft

For those items that are required to be reported on Form ST-556 or Form RUT-25, "watercraft" are defined as any vessels 16 feet in length or longer, jet skis or other similar personal watercraft, and any vessels having inboard motors (regardless of length).

Sample RUT-50

Purchaser's name	Purchaser's name 4 County		EC Do not write above this line.
Section B: Complete the seller's information 1 Seller Number and street 1	S Purchaser's daytime phone number Co-owner's name	ection A: Complete the purchaser's information (Please print	t.)
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Address Number and street L	Address Number and street L	2 Co-owner's name	, ,
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Company of the series of the following boxes (6-8), write "\$15" in Section E, Line 1.	(d2) The vehic e's a farm implem shunder and short and short et truck, or replacement vehicle. (See instructions) Tax exemption number (d3) The vehicle is used to be described in the purchase date. (d4) You were control as e's don't (individuals only) and used the vehicle outside Illinois for at le is three months. Write the purchase date. Purchase date (d5) You are a sun riving shouse, and the vehicle is an estate gift.		
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ection F: Sign here Date received by Illinois state government	Date received by Illinois state government of perjury, I state that I have examined this return and, to the best of my knowledge, it is true, correct, and complete.	2 Credit for tax previously paid to 2	
_	er penalties of perjury, I state that I have examined this return and, to the best of my knowledge, it is true, correct, and complete.	2 Credit for tax previously paid to 2 3 Total tax due. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1. 3	Remittance agent no
_	er penalties of perjury, I state that I have examined this return and, to the best of my knowledge, it is true, correct, and complete.	2 Credit for tax previously paid to 2 3 Total tax due. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1. 3	Remittance agent no.
	signature Date Signature of co-owner Date	2 Credit for tax previously paid to 2 3 Total tax due. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1. 3 Please pay this amount.	Remittance agent no. Date received by Illinois state governme
		2 Credit for tax previously paid to 2 3 3 3 2 Ection F: Sign here	Date received by Illinois state governme

RUT-50 Key Points

Who . . .

must file Form RUT-50?

Form RUT-50 **must** be filed by persons who purchased or acquired by gift or transfer a motor vehicle from a private party within or outside Illinois and the vehicle will be titled to an Illinois address. This includes persons who move into Illinois with a motor vehicle previously purchased or acquired by gift or transfer from a private party.

What . . .

items are reported on Form RUT-50?

Motor vehicles that **must** be reported on Form RUT-50 include cars, trucks, vans, motorcycles, motor homes, ATVs, and buses.

Note: Trailers, snowmobiles, watercraft, aircraft, and mobile homes are *not* subject to this tax and are *not* required to be reported on Form RUT-50.

When . . .

is Form RUT-50 due?

Form RUT-50 and any tax payment are due within 30 days from the date the vehicle was purchased or acquired by gift or transfer.

Where . . .

are Form RUT-50 and tax payments mailed?

Form RUT-50 and any tax payment **must** be submitted with the application for title and registration. A **separate** remittance **must** be included for title and/or registration fees and all documents mailed to

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE VEHICLE SERVICES DEPARTMENT HOWLETT BUILDING SPRINGFIELD IL 62756

Note: If you need assistance, you can call

1 800 252-8980 (general information) 217 782-6387 (registration information) 217 782-6306 (title information)

Why . . .

is this information important?

It is important that you carefully read and comply with all of the instructions when completing Form RUT-50. You may be assessed penalty, interest, and possibly additional tax if you fail to

- properly complete Form RUT-50 and required attachments;
- sign the return;
- attach any tax payment made payable to the "Illinois Department of Revenue;" or
- file and pay within the required due date.

How . . .

can Form RUT-50 be corrected?

If you have previously filed a Form RUT-50 and now need to correct the return, you **must** complete and file Form RUT-50-X, Amended Vehicle Use Tax Transaction Return.

How . . .

do I request a copy of a Form RUT-50 that I have filed and paid? If you have previously filed Form RUT-50 and paid the tax due but you now need a copy of the form as proof of tax paid, you must file Form IL-4506, Request for Copy of a Tax Return.

RUT-50 Helpful Hints

Section A . . .

Purchaser's address

Make sure that the purchaser's address is an Illinois address. This address **must** be the same as it will appear on the motor vehicle's Illinois title. Also, provide the purchaser's Social Security number (SSN) or, if the vehicle is titled in the name of a business, the business' federal employer's identification number (FEIN).

Section D...

Check only one box

Check **only one** of the eleven boxes in this section per return. Provide any required information or attachments. Make sure the box checked applies to the specific transaction being reported.

Box 4, Out-of-state resident exemption

To use this exemption, check Box 4 if you

- were an out-of-state resident (individuals only), and
- used the motor vehicle outside of Illinois for at least three months.

The appropriate surrendered document (proof of ownership) of the motor vehicle that was used outside of Illinois for at least three months **must** be submitted with the Illinois application for title and/or registration.

Box 4, Purchase date

Write the purchase date of the motor vehicle on the line provided next to Box 4. This **must** be the actual date the motor vehicle was purchased or acquired by gift or transfer from a private party, **not** the date the return was completed. Form RUT-50 is due within 30 days of the date the vehicle was purchased or acquired by gift or transfer.

Box 8, Immediate family members

Check Box 8 to claim this \$15 exception tax if the relationship between the purchaser (or transferee) and seller (or transferor) qualifies as one of the following immediate family members:

- Spouse
- Parent
- Brother
- Sister
- Child

The surrendered title **must** be in the name of the qualifying immediate family member who is selling, transferring, or giving the motor vehicle. Write the relationship between the purchaser and seller on the line provided next to Box 8.

Note: Step relations do not qualify for this exception.

Boxes 10 & 11, Purchase price

Purchase price is the value given for a motor vehicle and may be in the form of money, credit, property, or service. When there is no stated purchase price, such as a gift or even trade, fair market value should be used. Write the purchase price (or fair market value) of the motor vehicle on the line provided next to Boxes 10 and 11.

The purchase price determines which tax table to use to figure the amount of tax due. If the purchase price of the motor vehicle is

- less than \$15,000, use **Table A**.
- \$15,000 or more, use **Table B**.

Note: A sample RUT-50 Vehicle Use Tax Chart is included in this guide.

Section F... Signature

1

Form RUT-50 must be properly signed and dated (co-owners too, if applicable).

RUT-50 Vehicle Use Tax Chart

RUT-50 Vehicle Use Tax Chart

2002

This chart is effective January 1, 2002, through December 31, 2002.

The purchase price (or fair market value) of a vehicle determines which tax table to use. The purchase price is the value given for a vehicle and may be in the form of money, credit, property, or service. When there is no stated purchase price, such as in the case of a gift or even trade, the fair market value should be used. The fair market value may be obtained from a licensed dealer or bank.

Note: A trade-in deduction is not allowed on this tax.

Table A

Use this table when the purchase price (or fair market value) of a vehicle is **less than \$15,000**.

The tax due is determined by the model year of the vehicle.

Model year	Vehicle age (years)	Tax due (\$)
2001 or newer	1 or newer	390
2000	2	290
1999	3	215
1998	4	165
1997	5	115
1996	6	90
1995	7	80
1994	8	65
1993	9	50
1992	10	40
1991	11 or older	25

Table B

Use this table when the purchase price (or fair market value) of a vehicle is \$15,000 or more.

The tax due is determined by the purchase price (or fair market value) of the vehicle.

Purchase price (or fair market value) (\$)	Tax due (\$)
15,000 to 19,999.99	750
20,000 to 24,999.99	1,000
25,000 to 29,999.99	1,250
30,000 or more	1,500

RUT-5 (R-01/02) IL-492-3635

RUT-50 Common Questions

When is fair market value used rather than purchase price?	in purchase trade or gift of a motor vehicle, or as a result of a legal settlement).	
Is tax due from a private transaction when a trade is made?	Yes. Tax is due because there is no provision for any trade-in allowance on Form RUT-50. An individual is required to file Form RUT-50 and pay tax based upon the fair market value of the motor vehicle. If the fair market value is less than \$15,000, use Table A, which provides for tax due based upon the age of the vehicle. If the fair market value is \$15,000 or more, use Table B.	
Are boats and trailers taxable in a private transaction?	No. For Form RUT-50, Vehicle Use Tax Transaction Return, "motor vehicle" does not include snowmobiles, watercraft, aircraft, trailers, or mobile homes.	
Can the \$15 exception tax for business reorganization be claimed by a business that liquidates its assets and sells a motor vehicle to an employee?	No. When a business sells a motor vehicle to an employee, the ownership changes and the sale is not eligible for the \$15 exception tax. The business reorganization exception can only be claimed if the beneficial ownership of the motor vehicle remains the same.	
What are some examples of when the \$15 exception tax for business reorganization can be claimed?	Some common examples of when the \$15 exception tax can be claimed include ■ a sole proprietorship with company vehicles changes the business name but the ownership remains the same. ■ a partnership with company vehicles changes the business name but the ownership remains the same.	
Is a bill of sale required to be attached to Form RUT-50?	No. However, a bill of sale or some proof of the purchase transaction should be kept in your records in case there is a problem with the tax return.	
If I am awarded a motor vehicle as a result of a divorce order, am I entitled to the \$15 exception?	No. Prior spouses are not recognized as family members and cannot claim the \$15 exception tax. Tax is due either on the vehicle age or fair market value.	
Is tax due on a motor vehicle given as a gift?	Yes. In general tax is due either on the vehicle age or fair market value. If a motor vehicle is transferred as an estate gift and the beneficiary is not the surviving spouse, it qualifies for the \$15.00 exception tax. If the beneficiary of the estate is a surviving spouse, the motor vehicle transfer is exempt from tax.	
Do step-children or step-parents qualify for the \$15.00 exception tax? No. Step relations do not qualify for this exception tax. The \$15.00 exception tax? No. Step relations do not qualify for this exception tax. The \$15.00 exception tax. The \$15.00 exception tax.		

RUT-50 Common Errors

Section D, exemption boxes	No box is checked.
	Multiple boxes are checked.
	The wrong box is checked.
Section D, Box 4	No purchase date is shown for the out-of-state resident exemption.
Section D, Box 8	The family relationship (<i>e.g.</i> , spouse, parent) is circled in the line instead of the box being checked.
Motorcycles	When the motor vehicle is a motorcycle, the tax is incorrectly figured using the tax tables instead of the flat \$25 tax.
Using the incorrect tax table	The correct tax table is determined by the purchase price (or fair market value). Table A is used when the purchase price (or fair market value) is less than \$15,000 or Table B is used when the purchase price (or fair market value) is \$15,000 or more.
Missing attachments when required	Proper supporting documents are not attached (<i>e.g.</i> , completed and signed Form RUT-7, Rolling Stock Certification).
No signature	The return is not properly signed and dated.
Late return	The return is not filed within 30 days of the purchase date <i>or</i> an incorrect purchase date is entered as the date the vehicle is titled.
Payments	The remittance is not made payable to the "Illinois Department of Revenue."
	There must be a separate remittance for each agency; one remittance for title and/or registration fees and one for tax.
Amended return	Corrections are filed in error using Form RUT-50 instead of the correct Form RUT-50-X, Amended Vehicle Use Tax Transaction Return.
	When filing an amended RUT-50-X,
	 no reason for correcting the return is provided; all of the required information is not completed;
	 all of the required information is not completed; the supporting documentation is not attached;
	 vehicle information is not clearly written (specifically the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN); or the form is not signed.

Sample RUT-25

🌇 Illinois Departme		structions on b	ack of Page 2			
RUT-25	Use Tax Tr MV	ansaction	Return		REV 02 EC RC	FORM 20 CA DP LS BS NS
Section A: Comple	te the following	information	(Please print.)		Do not writ	e above this line.
1 Purchaser or leasing com	pany			5 Mun	icipality, if d	ifferent (city, village, or town)
2 Co-owner or person leasing	ng			•	•	number of purchaser or y representative
3 Address Number and street				()	
City	<u>IL</u>	ZIP "X	" if outside city limits	7 SSN	1	
•	StateTownship			8 FEII	N	
Section B: Comple			nnany's info			
1 Seller						()
Name	Number and street	City	State	Z	IP	Daytime phone number
2 Leasing company's Mailing address	Number and street	City	St .e	Z	IP	Daytime phone number
Section C: Describe	e the item (You m	ıst complete Lines	1 2 4 and 5 Co.np	' (e' (o	e 3 if annli	cable)
1 Year			1,2,1,4114 01 01 1		f *//\ item is	
2 Identification number (VIN						//
			1 1 1 1		e brought Illinois	/ /
4 You are in the outline 5 You are a retuiler, and 6 You were a new feet	rolling s to k. At the shift of real that the surface of the street of t	and this purchase e. Your IBT no. is only) and used the ite			-	ns. Leases do not apply.
Section E: Figu.' > v 1 Purchase price (before tra 2 Trade-in or discount	o'ar tax (Attach a c	copy of your bill o	f sale or proof of	purcha	1	Round to nearest dollar.)
3 Net purchase price. Subtr4 Depreciation for out-of-sta		`			3 4	
5 Taxable amount. Subtract	•	.,			5	
6 Tax. Multiply Line 5 by the However, if the address in or Will counties, see instru	Section A is in Cook, Du	ıPage, Kane, Lake, M	ladison, McHenry, St	t. Clair,	6	
7 Credit for tax previously p	aid to	(See			7	
8 Tax due. Subtract Line 7 f9 Penalty. (See instructions.)					_	
10 Interest. (See instructions	•					
11 Total amount due. Add Lir	nes 8, 9, and 10.				11	
Section F: Sign her Under penalties of perjury, I state that I ha		he best of my knowledge, it	is true, correct, and comp	lete.	Date rec	eived by Illinois state government
Your signature	Date Signature of	f co-owner	Date			
This form is authorized by the Illinois tax laws provide information could result in penalties. T	and the Illinois Vehicle Code. Disclos This form has been approved by the Fo	sure of this information is REQU orms Management Center.	JIRED. Failure to IL-492-2693		Сору	1 - Revenue Page 1

RUT-25 Key Points

Who . . .

Form RUT-25 must be filed by a motor vehicle owner when

must file Form RUT-25?

- the owner purchased the item from or moved into Illinois with a motor vehicle that was previously purchased from an out-of-state dealer, lending institution, leasing company selling at retail, or retailer, and is titling or registering the item in Illinois; or
- the owner is a leasing company that is currently leasing the item to an Illinois resident.

Note: Trucks purchased from a leasing company (which is **not** also in the business of selling vehicles at retail) must be reported on Form RUT-50.

What . . .

is reported on Form RUT-25? Motor vehicles that **must** be reported on Form RUT-25 include cars, trucks, vans, motorcycles, ATVs, buses, watercraft, aircraft, motor homes, trailers, snow mobiles, and mobile homes.

When ...

is Form RUT-25 due?

Form RUT-25 and any tax payment are due within 30 days of the date the motor vehicle is brought into Illinois.

Where . . .

are Form RUT-25 and tax payments mailed?

Form RUT-25 and any tax payment **must** be submitted with the application for title and/or registration. A **separate** remittance **must** be included for title and/or registration fees and all documents mailed to the appropriate titling agency listed below.

Motor vehicles:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE VEHICLE SERVICES DEPARTMENT

HOWLETT BUILDING SPRINGFIELD IL 62756

If you need assistance, call

1 800 252-8980 (general information) 217 782-6387 (registration information)

217 782-6306 (title information)

Aircraft:

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF AERONAUTICS
1 LANGHORNE BOND DRIVE

CAPITAL AIRPORT

SPRINGFIELD IL 62707-8415

If you need assistance, call

1 800-554-0247 217 785-8500

Watercraft and snowmobiles:

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

PO BOX 19226

SPRINGFIELD IL 62794-9226
If you need assistance, call

1 800 382-1696 217 557-0180

RUT-25 Key Points

Why . . .

is this information important?

It is important that you carefully read and comply with all of the instructions when completing Form RUT-25. You may be assessed penalty and interest, and possibly additional tax if you fail to

- properly complete Form RUT-25 and required attachments;
- sign the return;
- attach any tax payment made payable to the "Illinois Department of Revenue;" or
- file within the required due date.

How . . .

can Form RUT-25 be corrected?

If you have previously filed a Form RUT-25 and now need to correct the return, you **must** complete and file Form RUT-25-X, Amended Use Tax Transaction Return.

How . . .

do I request a copy of a Form RUT-25 that I have filed and paid? If you have previously filed Form RUT-25 and paid the tax due but you now need a copy of the form as proof of tax paid, you must file Form IL-4506, Request for Copy of a Tax Return.

RUT-25 Helpful Hints

Section A . . .

Purchaser's address

Make sure that the purchaser's address is an Illinois address. This address **must** be the same as it will appear on the motor vehicle's Illinois title or registration. Also, provide the purchaser's Social Security number (SSN) or, if the vehicle is titled in the name of a business, the business' federal employer's identification number (FEIN).

Section C . . .

Line 4, Purchase date

Write the purchase date of the motor vehicle as shown on the bill of sale or other document of proof of purchase.

Line 5, Date brought into Illinois

Write the date the motor vehicle was brought into Illinois. (The date brought into Illinois may be the same as the purchase date.) Form RUT-25 is due within 30 days of this date.

Section D...

Check only one box

Check **only one** of the seven boxes in this exemption section for each return. Make sure the box checked applies to the specific transaction being reported. Provide any required information or attachments. Also complete Section E, Lines 1 and 2.

Box 6, Out-of-state resident exemption

To use this exemption, check Box 6 if you

- were an out-of-state resident (individuals only), and
- used the motor vehicle outside of Illinois for at least three months.

The appropriate surrendered document (proof of ownership) of the motor vehicle that was used outside of Illinois for at least three months, **must** be submitted with the Illinois application for title and/or registration.

Note: This exemption does **not** apply to military persons whose home of record is Illinois or businesses and lessees relocating into Illinois. However, depreciation for prior out-of-state use may be claimed in Section E, Line 4 and credit for taxes properly due and paid to another state may be claimed in Section E, Line 7.

Section E...

Purchase price and bill of sale

Purchase price is the total consideration paid whether in money or other value, not including a deduction for trade-in allowance, credit for tax previously paid, and/or depreciation. Purchase price includes accessories, dealer preparation, applicable federal excise taxes, freight, labor, and documentary fees. Attach a copy of the bill of sale as proof of the purchase price or credit for taxes properly due and paid to another state. If you do not have or cannot obtain a bill of sale, we will accept a

- dealer's invoice;
- letter from a leasing company;
- letter from the selling dealer;
- fair market valuation from a licensed Illinois dealer; or
- copy of the lease agreement clearly indicating the lessor's cost price of the motor vehicle.

RUT-25 Helpful Hints

Section E...

Line 4, Depreciation for prior out-of-state use Depreciation can be claimed when a motor vehicle has been purchased at retail or leased and used outside of Illinois by

- leasing companies;
- lessees;
- businesses relocating into Illinois;
- individuals who used the motor vehicle outside of Illinois for less than three months; or
- military persons whose home of record is Illinois

For a motor vehicle of the First and Second Division, depreciation is figured at the rate of 2 percent (.02) for each whole month (no partial months - an example of a whole month is 1/15/02 through 2/14/02) the motor vehicle was used outside of Illinois. Multiply the number of whole months between the date the motor vehicle was purchased and the date it was brought into Illinois by .02, then multiply the result by Line 3.

Line 6, Tax rates

The tax rate for most Illinois addresses other than those listed in the counties below is 6.25 percent (.0625). If the address for title and/or registration is in one of these counties refer to Form RUT-25 instructions for the appropriate rate.

- Cook
- DuPage
- Kane
- Lake
- McHenry
- Will
- St. Clair
- Madison

Signature . . . Form RUT-25 **must** be properly signed and dated (co-owners too, if applicable).

RUT-25 Common Questions

Does the purchase of a boat and trailer from an out-of-state dealer or leasing company require reporting on separate RUT-25 forms?

Yes. Two separate forms **must** be completed. Send a completed Form RUT-25 for the trailer purchase to the Office of the Secretary of State along with the application for title, **and** a completed Form RUT-25 for the boat purchase to the Department of Natural Resources along with the application for title.

How is the purchase of a motor vehicle that will be leased to a government organization reported? Report the transaction on Form RUT-25 by

- checking Box C in Section 5,
- writing the government organization's active Illinois sales tax exemption (E) identification number on the line provided, and
- completing Lines 1 and 2 in Section E. No tax is due.

The lease must be in the name of the governmental body with an active Illinois sales tax exemption (E) identification number. The lease must be for more than one year and be executed or in effect at the time the lessor purchases the motor vehicle.

If I am currently leasing a motor vehicle and move into Illinois, what is the tax requirement on my leased vehicle?

Report the transaction on Form RUT-25, check Box 1 in Section D, and pay any Illinois Use Tax within 30 days of the date your leased vehicle is brought into Illinois. You are required to submit the tax at the time you apply for an Illinois title. A deduction for depreciation for prior out-of-state use at the rate of two percent for each whole month (**no partial months** - an example of a whole month is January 15, 2002 through February 14, 2002) is allowed in Section E, Line 4. A credit for sales or use tax properly due and paid to another state is allowed in Section E, Line 7.

How should the tax be reported when a bank or other lending agency sells a repossessed vehicle?

If the bank or lending agency applies for title to the repossessed vehicle in their name and then sells the vehicle to a new buyer, a retail sale occurs and tax is due either on Form ST-556 (if registered as such) or Form RUT-25. However, if the original owner, co-owner, or co-signer (of the loan) redeems (resumes) possession of the vehicle, the transaction is not regarded as a sale and is not subject to tax.

If the bank or lending agency does not apply for title to the repossessed vehicle in their name and reassigns the title to the new buyer, then tax is due on Form RUT-50 as a private transaction between the previous owner of the repossessed vehicle and the new buyer.

What does the Illinois
Department of Revenue
require to show proof that
tax was paid to another
state?

A copy of the bill of sale that clearly states the amount of tax that was paid to another state. If you do not have or cannot obtain a bill of sale, we will accept a

- dealer's invoice;
- letter from a leasing company;
- letter from the selling dealer;
- fair market valuation from a licensed Illinois dealer; or
- copy of the lease agreement clearly indicating the lessor's cost price of the motor vehicle.

RUT-25 Common Questions

Can an individual trade in
a vehicle he or she owns
and get a trade-in allow-
ance to reduce tax on a
new leased vehicle?

Yes. A dealer may give a trade-in allowance on a new leased vehicle when an individual trades in a vehicle he or she owns.

Can a lessee trade in a leased vehicle and get a trade-in allowance to reduce tax on a new leased vehicle?

No. The lessee is not the owner of the vehicle and is not entitled to a trade-in allowance.

Is an exempt organization with a valid exemption number exempt from tax on a leased vehicle?

No. In this case, the exempt organization is not the owner of the vehicle; the lessor is the owner of the vehicle and tax is due on this transaction.

RUT-25 Common Errors

Missing attachments when required

The bill of sale or other proof of purchase is **not** attached.

Proper supporting documents are not attached (e.g., completed and signed Form RUT-7, Rolling Stock Certification).

No purchase date and date brought into Illinois

The purchase date and/or date brought into Illinois are **not** completed.

When claiming the out-of-state resident exemption, there was **not** a three month period of time between the purchase date and the date the motor vehicle was brought into Illinois.

Note: The purchase date and date brought into Illinois must be completed because we use these dates to verify timely filing, verify the exemption for out-of-state use, and to compute depreciation.

Depreciation not computed correctly

The depreciation is incorrectly computed by using a partial month in the calculation instead of whole months.

For a motor vehicle of the First and Second Division, depreciation is figured at the rate of 2 percent (.02) for each whole month (no partial months - an example of a whole month is 1/15/02 through 2/14/02) the motor vehicle was used outside of Illinois. Multiply the number of whole months between the date the motor vehicle was purchased and the date it was brought into Illinois by .02, then multiply the result by Line 3.

Late return

The return is **not** filed within 30 days of the date brought into Illinois.

No signature

The return is **not** properly signed and dated.

Payments

The remittance is **not** made payable to the "Illinois Department of Revenue."

There must be a separate remittance for each agency; one remittance for title and/or registration fees **and** one for tax.

Amended return

Corrections are filed in error using Form RUT-25 **instead** of the correct Form RUT-25-X, Amended Use Tax Transaction Return.

Supporting documentation is **not** provided when filing Form RUT-25-X.

When filing an amended RUT-25-X,

- no reason for correcting the return is provided;
- all of the required information is not completed;
- the supporting documentation is **not** attached;
- vehicle information is **not** clearly written (specifically the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)); **or**
- the form is **not** signed.

Sample ST-556

ST-556 Sales Tax Transaction Return (For Vehicles, Watercraft, Aircraft, Trailers, and Mobile Homes)	Do not write above this line. NS CA DP RC TL
Tax return no.: IBT no.: Taxable location no.: Taxable location name: Dealer's license no.: Rev: Form:	
1 Write the buyer's name and address	
Name(s)	
Street City 2 Describe the item sold A Vehicle B Watercraft C Aircraft D Trailer E Mobile Home	State ZIP 6 Write the price, and figure the tax 1 Total price, including a certories, federal tax, and fright
☐ New ☐ Used	☐ Net insurance set le.ner., amount
Identification no Year Make	Amount subject to tax [Lin Line 2]
Body style and model	5 Use tax - if applicable (see instructions) . County
Write the date of delivery (This return is due no later than 20 days ft the date of the ver,) Describe the trade-in, if any Item traded in Identification no.	c. Township 6 Total tax [Line 4 + Line 5] 7 Retailer's allowance if filed on time [Line 6 X]
Year Ma. a	8 Net tax due [Line 6 - Line 7]
Year Ma. 9 Body style and model 5 Is the sale exempt from tax? If so, check the correct box below, and fill in Section 6, Lines 1 and 2. A Sold to an out-of-state buyer	On the line below, write the tax return number of the Form ST-556 on which you previously paid tax to an Illinois dealer. Tax return no
drive-away permit no./lic. plate no state B Sold for resale buyer's IBT no	11 Excess tax collected
C Sold to an exempt organization (government, school, religious, or charitable) tax-exempt no. E	12 Total tax due [Line 8 - Line 9 - Line 10 + Line 11]
 □ D Sold to an interstate carrier (attach Form RUT-7) □ E Sold for rental use buyer's IBT no. 	13 Credit memorandum (see instructions)
☐ F This form is void (keep in your records for 42 months) ☐ G Other (describe)	14 Amount due [Line 12 - Line 13]
Under penalties of perjury, we state that we have examined this return, ncluding any schedules and statements, and to the best of our knowledge, it s struck, correct, and complete. If the seller has taken a qualified trade-in, we also state that the buyer has properly assigned and surrendered the title of the trade-in to the seller. Signature	Do not write below this line. Date received by Illinois state government Copy 1 - Revenue's
Signature Signer Date	

ST-556 Key Points

Who . . .

should file Form ST-556?

If you sell items that are required to be titled or registered by an agency of Illinois state government — vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, trailers, and mobile homes — at retail in Illinois, you must report these sales on Form ST-556.

Note: If you are an out-of-state lessor selling such items at the end of a lease, please use the instructions for out-of-state lessors (ST-556(2)).

What ...

is reported on Form ST-556?

Motor vehicles that **must** be reported on Form ST-556 include cars, trucks, vans, motorcycles, ATVs, buses, watercraft, aircraft, motor homes, trailers, snow mobiles, and mobile homes.

When ...

is Form ST-556 due?

Form ST-556 and any tax payment are due within 20 days of the date of delivery of the motor vehicle.

Where . . .

are Form ST-556 and payments mailed? Form ST-556 and any tax payment **must** be submitted with the application for title and/or registration. A **separate** remittance **must** be included for title and/or registration fees and all documents mailed to the appropriate titling agency listed below.

Motor vehicles:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE VEHICLE SERVICES DEPARTMENT HOWLETT BUILDING

SPRINGFIELD IL 62756

If you need assistance, call

1 800 252-8980 (general information) 217 782-6387 (registration information)

217 782-6306 (title information)

Aircraft:

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF AERONAUTICS
1 LANGHORNE BOND DRIVE

CAPITAL AIRPORT

SPRINGFIELD IL 62707-8415

If you need assistance, call

1 800-554-0247 217 785-8500

Watercraft and snowmobiles:

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

PO BOX 19226

SPRINGFIELD IL 62794-9226

If you need assistance, call

1 800 382-1696 217 557-0180

ST-556 Key Points

Why . . .

is this information important?

It is important that you carefully read and comply with all of the instructions when completing Form ST-556. You may be assessed penalty and interest, and possibly additional tax if you fail to

- properly complete Form ST-556 and required attachments;
- sign the return;
- attach any tax payment made payable to the "Illinois Department of Revenue;" or
- file within the required due date.

How . . .

can Form ST-556 be corrected?

If you have filed a Form ST-556 previously and now need to correct the return, you **must** complete and file Form ST-556-X, Amended Sales Tax Transaction Return.

How . . .

are off-site sales reported?

If you hold or participate in an off-site sales event (sometimes referred to as a "tent sale") at a location other than your normal place of business, you may need to make changes to information we preprint on your Form ST-556. For complete instructions on how to make the changes, see Publication ST-23, How to Report Off-site Sales on Form ST-556, Sales Tax Transaction Return. (See Page 34 for ordering information.)

When . . .

are receipted copies necessary?

If there is a delay in completing the title paperwork, receipted copies should be requested to avoid late filing of the return or late payment of the tax.

How . . .

are receipted copies obtained?

To request a receipted copy of Form ST-556 *at the time you file your form,* you **must** send us Copy 1 of each **original return** and a separate remittance for the tax due on each return, along with the following:

- photocopy of each ST-556 return to be receipted;
- cover letter making your request for a receipted copy; and
- a postage-paid envelope with the address indicating where you want the receipted copy mailed.

Mail your receipted copy request to

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE ST-556 TAX RECEIPT UNIT PO BOX 19042 SPRINGFIELD IL 62794-9042

How . . .

do I request a copy of a Form ST-556 that I have filed and paid but failed to have receipted? If you have previously filed Form ST-556 and paid the tax due but you now need a copy of the form as proof of tax paid, you must file Form IL-4506, Request for Copy of a Tax Return.

ST-556 Helpful Hints

Section 3 . . .

Date of delivery

Write the date of delivery of the motor vehicle being sold or transferred. Form ST-556 is due within 20 days of this date.

Section 4 . . .

Describe the trade-in

If you took a qualified trade-in toward the sale of a motor vehicle, you **must** describe the trade-in in this section. A qualified trade-in is a motor vehicle that

- you accept to reduce the *selling price* (in part or in full) of the motor vehicle sold; **and**
- if sold at retail would be required to be reported on Form ST-556; and
- you are in the business of selling.

Note: You are "in the business of selling" a particular kind of motor vehicle if you publicly present yourself as being engaged in (or habitually engage in) selling such motor vehicles. For example, if you are in the business of selling both cars and boats, you may take a boat as trade-in toward the sale of a car to reduce the *selling price*. However, if you only sell cars, you may not take a boat as a trade-in for a car.

Section 5 . . .

Tax exemptions

Check **only one** of the seven boxes in this exemption section for each return. Make sure the box checked applies to the specific transaction being reported. Provide any required information or attachments and complete Section 6, Lines 1 and 2.

Note: The seller should maintain proper documentation for any exemption claimed (*e.g.*, a copy of the exemption letter from an exempt organization, or a copy of an exemption card from a foreign mission or diplomat).

Box F, Voided forms

If it is necessary to void a Form ST-556, you should mark the form "Void" and retain all three pages of the voided form in your records for 42 months for audit purposes.

Box G, Other

If you sell a motor vehicle that qualifies as tax exempt but does **not** fit any other category in Section 5, check Box G, Other, and describe your exempt transaction. Some examples of other exempt transactions that qualify are sales

- to foreign missions or diplomats;
- for interim use or demonstration purposes;
- of ready mix concrete trucks;
- of motor vehicles that you deliver in interstate commerce;
- of motor vehicles that you deliver in foreign commerce; or
- of motor vehicles as farm machinery and equipment.

Note: ATV's may qualify for the farm machinery and equipment exemption if they are used primarily (more than 50% of the time) in production agriculture activities such as pulling sprayers while they apply chemicals to fields or collecting and mapping soil samples. The use of ATV's for farm transportation or recreation purposes does not constitute production agriculture. The farm machinery and equipment exemption may be documented using Form ST-587 Equipment Exemption Certificate. Certification should be maintained in the dealers' books and records.

ST-556 Helpful Hints

Section 6...

Line 1, Total price

The total price generally includes the following (See Page 30 for more information.):

- Accessories
- Dealer preparation
- Federal excise taxes
- Freight and labor

- Documentary fees
- Any rebate or incentive for which a dealer will be reimbursed

Note: Total price does **not** include federal luxury tax.

Generally, any cost passed on to the customer as part of the sale of a motor vehicle and for which gross receipts are received should be included in the total price.

Line 2, Trade-in credit or value

Check the first box for "Total trade-in credit or value" and write the amount you assigned to the qualified trade-in described in Section 4. If you are claiming more than one qualified trade-in, you **must** combine the total amounts of all trade-ins.

Line 2, Net insurance settlement amount

When an insurance company is replacing a passenger car on behalf of their insured person as a result of a total loss claim, the dealer can deduct the net insurance settlement amount from the total price of the replacement motor vehicle. The remittance from the insurance company **must** be made payable **solely to the dealer** *or* to the dealer and the insured person.

The dealer must check the second box for "Net insurance settlement amount" in Section 6, Line 2 and write the amount given as settlement. The dealer must also attach Page 2 of Form RVT-7, Replacement Vehicle Tax Return, provided by the insurance company.

Note: The insurance company is required to file Page 1 of Form RVT-7 and is liable for the state and/or local Replacement Vehicle Tax, not the dealer.

Line 4, Tax rate

The tax rate the dealer is required to collect is preprinted in Section 6, Line 4. This rate is based on the registered business location of the dealer that is preprinted in the upper left portion of Form ST-556.

Line 4, Chicago Home Rule Use Tax

If the business location of the dealer is in Cook or the collar counties and a motor vehicle is sold to a buyer who lives in the city of Chicago, an additional 1 percent (.01) Chicago Home Rule Use Tax must be collected. This combined tax rate is preprinted below Line 4 and must be reported on Line 4, **not** Line 5.

Note: Do **not** report the Cook County Home Rule Use Tax of 3/4 percent (.075) on Form ST-556. This tax is administered and collected directly by the Cook County Department of Revenue.

Line 10, Credit for previously paid tax

If you are a leasing company and you are making a retail sale of an item you previously purchased **for leasing purpose**s, you may take credit on Line 10 of Form ST-556 for the tax that you previously paid providing that

- you paid the tax to an Illinois retailer on Form ST-556 when you purchased the item;
- the amount of credit you take for tax previously paid is equal to or less than the amount of the tax due on the ST-556 on which you are now reporting the retail sale of this same previously leased item; and
- on the line provided below Line 10, you write the tax return number of the ST-556 filed by the Illinois retailer to whom you previously paid the tax.

Signature . . .

Form ST-556 **must** be properly signed and dated by both the buyer **and** seller.

ST-556 Leasing and Trade-ins

Illinois dealers may reduce the total price of a motor vehicle sold by means of a "trade-in credit" which reduces the taxable amount. The following information explains the provisions of the trade-in credit.

How is the value of a qualified trade-in determined?

The value of a qualified trade-in is the amount of value assigned to the item without regard for any debt currently owed on the item. The value assigned is referred to as the "trade-in credit."

When can a qualified trade-in credit be given?

A dealer may give a qualified trade-in credit toward the purchase of another motor vehicle when

- individuals trade in motor vehicles they own;
- leasing companies trade in motor vehicles they own;
- leasing companies trade in motor vehicles owned by prospective lessees; or
- third parties trade in motor vehicles they own on behalf of individuals or prospective lessees.

Documentation is required showing the third party has assigned the motor vehicle directly to you and provides you with written authorization for the trade. The documentation must specify the

- motor vehicle traded-in;
- motor vehicle purchased; and
- buyer on whose behalf the trade-in is offered.

Are there circumstances when a dealer may not give a qualified trade-in credit?

A dealer may **not** give a qualified trade-in credit toward the purchase of another motor vehicle when the

- dealer owns the motor vehicle being offered as trade;
- dealer and the leasing company are one and the same entity;
- motor vehicle being offered as trade was previously sold to the dealer and was not documented in writing that it was being offered as trade;
- third party offering the motor vehicle as trade is in the business of selling motor vehicles and is required to collect Illinois Sales and Use Tax; or
- dealer is not in the business of selling the type of item being offered as trade.

ST-556 Leasing and Trade-ins

What other types of tradein credits are allowed?

■ Advance trade-in credits

An advance trade-in is when a motor vehicle is traded to a dealer (primarily by a leasing company) for a future purchase of a motor vehicle. At the time of the trade, the purchaser **must** provide the dealer with a written contract of obligation to purchase another motor vehicle within nine months of the trade. An advance trade-in credit is established when a value is assigned to the motor vehicle being traded. This credit expires after nine months if unused.

The documentation required for using advance trade-in credits are

- a written contract indicating the date the trade-in was given, a description of the trade-in, the value assigned to the trade-in, a statement of obligation to purchase another motor vehicle within nine months, and the date of expiration of the advance trade-in credit; and
- a bill of sale for the trade-in; and
- a copy of Form ST-556 when the future sale is made and the advance tradein credit is reported.
- Multiple trade-in credits

A dealer may use the cumulative total of trade-in credits given when more than one motor vehicle is traded in toward the sale of a single motor vehicle as long as the documentation clearly shows that the motor vehicles being traded and the motor vehicle sold were all part of the **same sales transaction.**

■ Split trade-in credits

A dealer may split the trade-in credit given when a single motor vehicle is traded in toward the sale of two or more motor vehicles as long as the documentation clearly shows that the motor vehicle being traded and the motor vehicles sold were all part of the **same sales transaction**. The amount of trade-in credit that is applied to each motor vehicle sold may be determined by the dealer and the purchaser.

■ Combined trade-in credits

A dealer may combine the trade-in credits from advance trades, multiple trades, and split trades as long as the documentation clearly shows that all of the motor vehicles being traded and sold were all part of the **same sales transaction**. If you are using an advance trade-in credit it must meet the advance trade-in credit requirements.

ST-556 Taxable Items

Rebates

Any rebate or incentive for which a dealer will be reimbursed by any source, (e.g., a manufacturer's rebate program), **must** be included in the total price and is subject to Retailers' Occupation Tax. A discount or incentive offered by the dealer that will **not** be reimbursed should **not** be included in the total price and will **not** be subject to Retailers' Occupation Tax.

Down payment

A down payment **must** be included in the total price of the motor vehicle and is subject to tax.

Documentary service fees

Documentary Service Fees charged by a dealer for completing title and registration applications and other paperwork are subject to tax. These collected fees **must** be included in the total price of the motor vehicle.

Extended warranty contracts

Receipts from the sale of extended warranty contracts are **not** subject to tax if separately contracted for from the selling price of the motor vehicle.

Freight & labor

Generally, freight and labor costs **must** be included in the total price of the motor vehicle and are subject to tax. Incoming freight charged to the purchaser is a cost of doing business to the seller and, as such, is subject to tax. Outgoing freight and special service charges to the customer such as rust-proofing are **not** taxable if they are separately contracted for and, in the case of freight, the costs are actually reflective of the cost of shipping.

Federal Excise Tax

Generally, Federal Excise Tax **must** be included in the total price and is subject to tax.

Note: Federal Excise Tax on trucks with a gross vehicle weight of 33,000 lbs. or more; **or** trailers or semitrailer chassis with a gross vehicle weight of 26,000 lbs. or more should **not** be included in the total price and is **not** subject to tax.

Federal Luxury Tax

Federal luxury tax should **not** be included in the total price and is **not** subject to tax.

ST-556 Common Questions

How does the Department of Revenue determine if Form ST-556 is filed within 20 days of the date of delivery?

The titling agency that originally receives the return will record the date received. The Department of Revenue will compare this received date to the delivery date to determine timely filing. If the due date falls on a weekend or state-recognized holiday, the due date will be the next business day.

What is the tax requirement for items sold in Illinois to out-of-state purchasers?

Cars, trucks, vans, motorcycles, and trailers that are sold in Illinois to out-of-state purchasers may qualify as tax-exempt transactions when the

- seller issues drive-away permits, or
- purchaser transfers current out-of-state license plates, or
- seller is contractually obligated to deliver the item out-of-state.

Any items other than those listed above that are sold and taken possession of in Illinois are taxable sales at retail.

How does a dealer report the sale of a motor vehicle to a leasing company that will be leased to a government organization? A dealer must report the transaction on Form ST-556 by

- checking Box C in Section 5,
- writing the government organization's active Illinois sales tax exemption (E) identification number on the line provided, and
- completing Lines 1 and 2 in Section 6.

Can a dealer accept a trade-in from someone other than the purchaser?

Yes. The person (third party) trading in the motor vehicle **must** be the owner and actually trade it in for the motor vehicle being purchased.

Are there restrictions on what a dealer can deduct as a trade-in?

Yes. A dealer can only claim a qualified trade-in of a motor vehicle for which the dealer is in the business of selling. (See Page 6 for a definition of qualified trade-in.)

Is there a limit on the number of motor vehicles that can be used as trade-ins?

No. There is no limit on the number of motor vehicles that can be used as tradeins.

ST-556 Common Errors

Delivery date	The date of delivery is not completed.			
Section 5	A box is not marked in Section 5, "Is the sale exempt from tax?" Required information is not provided or supporting documents are not attached			
Personal computer or typewriter	When using a PC (personal computer) or typewriter on the form, the information does not properly line up with the form.			
Cook County Home Rule Use Tax	Incorrectly reporting the $^3/_4$ percent (.075) Cook County Home Rule Use Tax on Form ST-556. The Illinois Department of Revenue does not administer Cook County Home Rule Use Tax.			
Receipted copies	Requests are made for receipted copies when they are not needed. Receipted copies should be requested only when there is a delay in completing the title paperwork that would cause tax to be filed and paid late.			
	When requesting receipted copies, the amount of tax shown due on the return does not agree with the payment amount.			
Late return	The return is not filed within 20 days of the date of delivery.			
No signature	The return is not properly signed and dated.			
Payments	The remittance is not made payable to the "Illinois Department of Revenue." There must be a separate remittance for each agency; one remittance for title and/or registration fees and one for tax.			
Amended return	Corrections are filed in error using Form ST-556 instead of the correct Form ST-556-X, Amended Sales Tax Transaction Return. When filing an amended ST-556-X, no reason for correcting the return is provided; all of the required information is not completed; the supporting documentation is not attached; vehicle information is not clearly written (specifically the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)); or the form is not signed.			

Forms

Form ST-556, Sales Tax Transaction Return

Form ST-556 is preprinted and mailed directly to registered retailers of cars, trucks, vans, motorcycles, watercraft, aircraft, trailers, and mobile homes.

To order additional forms, please contact us at the telephone numbers or the addresses we have listed below.

Email: centreg@revenue.state.il.us

Call: 217 785-3707

Complete: Form NUC-13, ST-556 Order Form. Mail your completed order form

to the address below.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE CENTRAL REGISTRATION DIVISION

PO BOX 19030

SPRINGFIELD, IL 62794-9030

Form RUT-25, Use Tax Transaction Return

This form is not available for downloading or faxing because it is a multiple page form printed on NCR paper. You may obtain this form at your local Secretary of State Driver Services Facility or you may call our 24-hour Forms Order Line at 1 800 356-6302.

Form RUT-50, Vehicle Use Tax Transaction Return

This form is not available for downloading or faxing because it is a multiple page form printed on NCR paper. You may obtain this form at your local Secretary of State Driver Services Facility or you may call our 24-hour Forms Order line at 1800 356-6302

Other related forms

Listed below are some other vehicle tax related forms that you may need. At any time, requests can be made by visiting our Web site at **www.ILtax.com** or calling our Forms Order line at **1 800 356-6302**.

IL-4506 Request for Copy of Tax Return

RUT-7 Rolling Stock Certification

RUT-25-E Fleet Exemption Schedule

RUT-25-X Amended Use Tax Transaction Return

RUT-50-X Amended Vehicle Use Tax Transaction Return

ST-556-F Miscellaneous Information About Filing Form ST-556, Sales Tax

Transaction Return

ST-556-R Resale and Rolling Stock Fleet Exemption Schedule

ST-556-X Amended Sales Tax Transaction Return

You can also order forms by writing to us at

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

PO BOX 19010

SPRINGFIELD, IL 62794-9010

Help and Resources

The Illinois Department of Revenue issues informational bulletins and various publications that inform and assist taxpayers. Listed below are those that pertain to motor vehicles. You can obtain these publications by visiting our Web site at www.ILtax.com, calling our Forms Order line at 1 800 356-6302 or by writing to us at

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

PO BOX 19010

SPRINGFIELD, IL 62794-9010

Informational Bulletins

FY98-27 Tax Exemptions for Foreign Diplomatic and Consular Personnel

FY99-4 Statement of Account

FY2000-2 Change in Reporting Gross Receipts for ART

FY2001-4 Change in Reporting Rolling Stock FY2001-14 Penalties and Interest Changes

FY2001-18 Tax Exemption for Certain Items Purchased for Lease Ends FY2002-02 Sales and Use Tax Exemptions for Certain Leased Property

FY2002-22 Changes for Form ST-556

Publications

PUB 103 Uniform Penalties and Interest PUB 104 Common Sales Tax Exemptions

ST-9 Guide for Reporting Sales Using Form ST-556, Sales Tax Transaction

Return

ST-23 How to Report Off-Site Sales on Form ST-556, Sales Tax Transaction

Return

ST-25 Illinois Sales Tax Rate Reference Manual

Assistance

We understand that situations will arise periodically that are unique. If you have any questions that are not covered by this reference guide, please contact us at the telephone numbers or the addresses we have listed below.

Visit: www.ILtax.com

Call: Springfield office — 1 800 732-8866 or 217 782-3336;

Chicago office — 312 814-5258 or 312 814-3239; or

TDD (telecommunications device for the deaf) — 1 800 544-5304

Write: ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

PO BOX 19015

SPRINGFIELD IL 62794-9015